Carolina Observer.

X.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, JANUARY 17, 1827. [NO. 502.

...AND PUBLISHED, EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY EDWARD J. HALE, ...per annum, if paid in advance; $3 during the year of subscription; ...0 at the end of the year.

...SEMENTS inserted for 60 cents per ...the first, and 30 cents for each succeed... Advertisers are requested to state ...of insertions desired, or they will be ...forbid, and charged accordingly. ...the Editor must be post paid.

Notice.

...AS, by a Deed of Trust, executed by ...s Stuart, Merchant of this place, all the ...onal Estate, property of the said Charles ...ding bonds, notes, and book accounts, ...ed to the Subscriber for the purposes ...said Trust—*Public notice is hereby given,* ...formity with the provisions of the same, ...of all the real and personal estate of the ...Stuart, will be made on Wednesday, the ...this month, under the direction of Mess ...& Co. Auctioneers. And all persons in... ...the said Charles Stuart by bond, note or ...nt, are hereby required to come forward ...payment to the subscriber.

HENRY A. DONALDSON.

...Jan 10, 1827. 1ts.

Sales at Auction.

...*EDNESDAY, the 24th instant,* ...store lately occupied by Charles Stuart, ...Stock of Goods, consisting of a large ...assortment of *DRY GOODS,* well se... ...superior articles of *GROCERIES,* a ...of *CROCKERY and GLASS WARE.* ...*WELLING HOUSE and LOT* now in ...of Mr. Charles Stuart, and a vacant ...and Kitchen Furniture. Also four ...*GROES* The above property will be ...reserve, for approved notes, and on lib... ...which will be made known at the time ...order of the Trustee.

WILLKINGS & CO. *Auctioneers.*

1ts.

Public House.

WILLIAM MITCHELL in...forms the public, that he has opened ...at his Dwelling on the corner of Pol...lock and Middle streets, *A HOUSE* ...*TAINMENT,* where travellers and ...receive every attention calculated to ren... ...with him agreeable. From his former ...in this line, and being provided with ev... ...convenience, he hopes to receive a ...public patronage.

...January 10, 1827. 1tf.

...naway Committed.

...taken up and committed to the jail of War... ...county, on the 26th instant, a tall black ...between 20 and 25 years of age, has a ...space between his foreteeth, & a war... ...shoulder. He says he belongs to A ...who resides somewhere about Fay... ...that his name is BEN. The owner is ...to come forward, prove property, pay ...take him away; or he will be dealt with ...law.

A. CROSSLAND, *Jailor.*

...1826—1 4t.

...ew Barber Shop.

"...*ll your part,* there *all the honor lies.*"

...HENDERSON respectfully informs the ...zens of Fayetteville, and the public gen... ...that he has taken the shop on Gillespie street ...occupied by D. Ochiltree, Esq. and nearly ...State Bank, where the above business ...carried on in all its various branches. He ...ers that from the circumstance of his hav... ...born and raised in Fayetteville, his known ...industry and sobriety, to merit and receive ...share of patronage. His Razors and other ...are of the first quality and shall always be ...best order.

...*January* 10. 1827. 1 6w.

Found,

...sum of MONEY, which the owner can ...by describing it, and paying for this ad...

Jan. 5.

Hawks's Digest.

...Published and ready for delivery, a *Digest* ...of all the reported cases adjudged in the ...North Carolina, from the year 1778, to ...Francis L. Hawks, Esq. Counsellor at Law. ...and purchasers can have copies by ap... ...Hales & McIntyre's Office under Lafayette

[*January* 10.—1tf.

Notice.

...subscriber having sold out his stock in trade ...Messrs. G. Deming and H. McLean, has ap... ...Jno. A. Matthews his agent and attorney ...during his absence, who is fully authorized to ...collect all debts due him, and grant dis... All persons indebted must come forward ...and pay the same, or their accounts will ...an officer for collection.

A. BAILEY.

...10.

Notice.

...subscribers having purchased from Mr. A. ...his entire stock in trade, have commenc... ...under the Firm of *Deming & McLean,* ...formerly occupied by him.

GURDON DEMING,
HENRY McLEAN.

JUST RECEIVED,

...0 Bbls Ale,
10 boxes Raisins,
10 Bbls bottled Porter,
Cog. Brandy,
H. Gin,
J. Rum, &c. &c.

...10, 1827. D. & M. 1.3w.

Leather.

...subscribers will keep a constant supply of ...following kinds of *LEATHER* on hand, ...they will sell low for cash, viz.
...ling, first quality,
...ness and bridle Leather,
...lting and facing Skins,
...ding and lining do.
...and kip do.
...and grain upper,
...horse hides,
...ne Leather of different kinds,
...g skins, &c. &c. &c.

...10, 1827. WILLIAMS & FENN.

1tf.

Notice.

WAS found by my servant, a sum of *MONEY,* which the owner can have by applying at the Mansion Hotel to the subscriber, and paying the expense of this advertisement.

January 10. DILLON JORDAN.

1tf.

Hats! Hats! Hats!



New Establishment.

THE subscriber has opened a *HAT STORE* exclusively, next door west of the Cape Fear Bank, where he offers for sale for cash, an extensive assortment of HATS of every description, such as Beaver, Roram and Castors, men's and boys'; a few Seal, Fur, and Cloth Caps, a superior article; also, Hatters' Trimmings.

The establishment will be kept up in first style, and Country Merchants may rely on getting a complete assortment, on the most reasonable terms.

500—3m E. B. BAILEY.

Saddlery, Leather, &c.



THE Subscriber respectfully informs the inhabitants of Fayetteville and its vicinity, that he has just received an elegant assortment of *SADDLERY* and *LEATHER,* which he will sell at reduced prices, for *CASH* or approved paper, viz

Ladies', Gentlemen's and Boys' Saddles	Plated Moulding & Tuft Nails
Plated & Tinned Bridles	Saddle Trees and Cut Tacks
Martingales and Halters	Straining, Cotton, and Worsted Webs
Saddle Bags and Valices	Skirting, Harness, Bridle Sole & Upper Leather
Bridle Fillings, Trunks	Hog, Sheep, & Calf Skin
Gig Harness	Blue, black, and red Morocco Skins
Coach, Gig, and Twig Whips	Liquid & Paste Blacking
Plated, Brass & Japanned Harness Mounting	Black Varnish
Plated Bitts and Stirrup Irons	Horse and Shoe Brushes
Plated Spurs	Hearth and Dusting do.
Do Gig Handles	Scrub and Window do.
Do do Bands	Cloth and Crumb do.
Do do Joints	Paint and Hat do.
Do do Knobs	

ALSO,



A choice assortment of Gentlemen's Drab and Black *HATS,* of various qualities, which will be sold very low, either at retail or by the dozen.

JOSEPH SNIVELY.

Fayetteville, Dec. 6, 1826—97-tf

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office, which, if not taken out before the 1st of April next, will be sent as Dead Letters to the General Post Office:

A.—Amos Archer, Jr., Capt Irvin Anders, Catharine Armstrong, Ceba B Allen, Joseph Austin, Dempsy Averitt.

B.—Nancy Black, William W. Ballard, G. Bucciardi, Fred'k. D. Bruce, John Bethea, A. Boggan 2, Schuyler Barnett, A. L. Brown, Green Bird, Hiram Birdsey, Caroline E Bowen, Neill Beard, Celia Bryan, Samuel Birdsey, T. H. Brooks, Margaret Bain, Lauchlan Bethune, Frances Beal, Samuel Burkloe, Mary John Br m, James S Bowen, Ooslem Blanchet, Dempsey Bullard, Elias Barlow, Hannah Bayard.

C.—Mary J. Chambers, Sarah Carloss, Allen Cameron, Simon Casey, A Cameron, Arch Colquhoun 2, Thos Clifton, Wm Cade, Jas Collins, John Campbell 2, Robt. Campbell, Frances Clark, Jas. Carter, Daniel Campbell.

D.—Thos Davis Jr, Thos Davis Esq 2, Jas Dowie, Duncan Donaldson, James Denton, Oliff Davis, Calvin Davis, Margaret Dillard, Evelen Dunham.

E.—Potts & Eccles, Mary Elliott, Justin L. Edwards, James Ellis, John Edgar.

F.—Tobias Fraley, Sherwood Fort, Joseph Fort.

G.—Mary Graham, John Graham, Alfred Goodman, Roderick Gillis, Alexander Geddie, Ralph W. Greaves, J W T Gates.

H.—Mary Henry, Jonathan Hare, Betsey Henderson, Nelson Henderson, Wiley Hubbard, Elijah Hammonds, Dicy Hammonds, James Hathcock, Jonathan Howie, Fleet Hall, Wm H Howard

J.—Thomas Jordan 3, Isaac Jessop, Alex Johnson 2, Hinton James, Archd. Johnson, Joshua Jones, Laton Johnson, Sarah Johnson.

K.—John B Kelly.

L.—Susan W. Locke, Harvey Leete, John Laslie, W J Lougee, Abraham Lidson.

M.—Isaac Magee, Frederick Miller, Aaron May, Elisha Magee, Hannah Mallett, Chas Mayo, Thomas Maxwell, Philip Murchison 2, Daniel Morrison 2, John Morrison 2, Allen Martin, J W Murray, Raiford Mason, John Martin, Wm Masons.

Mc.—Ellen McLeod, Hector McNeill, Nancey McMillan, Wm McDonald, Archd McKellar, Malcom McPhail, Mary McCall, John McAlister, Wm. McDugald, Christian McRae, Alex McDonald, John McKinnon, Alex McKellar, Alex McMillan, Mrs. John McMillan, Alex McDiarmid, John McGarmon, Dan. McKinnon.

N.—Robert Norman, Benj Newberry, Jesse Newberry.

O.—Wm Organs, Thomas Owens, Lucy Ann Ochiltree.

P.—Fanny Pilly, Archd. Patterson, Mrs Parish, Flora Phillips.

R.—John Rust, James Russ, Turner Revis, Malcom Robeson, Rev. Luther Rice, Mrs. Rosser, John Revnel, Archd Ray.

S.—Wm. Smith, John McK Strong, Jas Stuart 2, John Singleton, Wm. Simons, Isham Scott, James Smith, Andrew Sinclair, Jesse Smith, Jas Sims, Malcom Shaw, Thos Sheppard, Alex Shaw, Peter Shaw, Archd Shaw, Wm. Shannon, Jonathan Sikes, James Stevens, Jonathan B. Sturges, Wm Saltonstall.

T.—Parker Trull, A Turner 2, John Tolar, Sarah Thomas, Cornelius Tyson, Joshua Taylor, John Tyler.

V.—Vito Viti.

W.—Dr. Robt. J. Ware, Catharine Ward, Jesse Williams, Neill Wilkinson 2, L H B Whitfield, Stevan Walker, Isabella Winslow, Maria West.

JOHN MAC RAE, *P. M.*

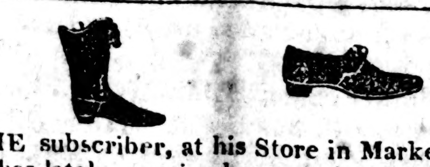
Fayetteville, Jan. 1, 1827. 1-3t—194.

Notice.

THERE will be sold in this place, on Friday the 9th February next, four valuable *NEGROES,* to wit, Charlotte, Amy, Moses and Eliza. Also various articles of Household *FURNITURE,* conveyed by Wm. L. McNeill under deed of trust to secure a debt due Thos. Crawford.

January 7. GEO. McNEILL, *Trustee.*

1tf.



THE subscriber, at his Store in Market Square, has lately received a supply of first quality *CALF SKINS,* and will receive orders for Mens' and Ladies' fine *BOOTS & SHOES,* made to measure, and warranted of the best workmanship

He has also just received an extensive addition to his stock of Shoes, making the assortment complete.

Also, sides Sole Leather,
Wax'd and grain Upper Leather,
Lining and Binding Skins,
a quantity of Shoe Thread, best Awl Blades, Shoe Tacks, Russia bristles, shoe Punches, heel Ball, Brads, &c. &c. W. L. HAWLEY.

H. Bradford & Co.,

HAVE received by the last Boat, an additional supply of

Dry Goods, Shoes, Cotton Cards, Fur Hats, &c.

And have now on the River, *Bolting Cloths, 35 bbls. Cider Brandy,* and some *Dry Goods.*

December 6, 1826.

$10 Reward.

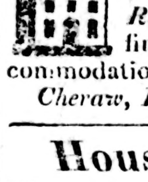
RANAWAY from Marion District, S. C., on the 6th inst., a negro man named *SAMPSON,* belonging to the estate of Daniel Carmichael, dec'd. aged 32 or 33 years, tall and slim, thin visage, and speaks the Gailic and English Languages. The above reward will be given for his apprehension and confinement in any jail, or any information that will lead to his recovery.

ANGUS COLQUHOUN, *Adm'r.* on the Estate of said Carmichael.

December 27, 1826. 5003w

PLANTER'S HOTEL,

CHERAW, S. C.



THIS House is now opened, by the subscriber, for the reception of Company. *Regular Boarders* as well as *Travellers,* will find at this Establishment, comfortable accommodations JOHN S. STINEMETZ.

Cheraw, December 14, 1826. 98tf.

House and Lot for Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust from James Townes, and by order of the Trustees, will be sold on 23d January instant, that valuable two story Brick House and Lot, opposite the Planter's Hotel, in the Brick Row. The lot is 20 feet on Hay st. and running back 150 to st.

Also six shares Steam-Boat Stock.

WILLKINGS & CO.

January 2, 1827. 3t'502

60 Paper.

60	Reams Superior	Wrapping Paper,	
10	do.	do.	Large do.
50	do.	do.	Super Royal do.
10	do.	do.	Broken or Tea Paper,
100	do.	Foolscap and Letter do.	

For sale low,

J. & S. BIRDSALL.

Dec. 26—99-8t

"The Automaton chess-player commenced his performance last evening; he was met, by a gentleman, at a full game; it was closely contested; but after more than an hour, the Turk was declared victor. The game was followed up by the Automaton trumpeter—and the performance of the Automaton rope dancers—who went through different evolutions upon the rope—moved their eyes, and even *spake.* We must seize another opportunity of describing with more minuteness this truly astonishing exhibition."—*U. S. Gazette.*

A singularly wild and almost poetic fancy, was the form in which a French soldier, wounded at the Battle of Waterloo, displayed his enthusiasm. He was undergoing with great steadiness, the operation of the extraction of a ball from his left side, when, in the moment of his greatest suffering, he exclaimed, "An inch deeper, and you'll find the Emperor."

Some thick-and-thin philanthropist has discovered that if a person rises at 6 o'clock in the morning instead of 8, up to the age of 43, he will gain 8 hours a day for ten years, being equivalent to an addition of 10 years to his life. Lord Chesterfield made a similar discovery, that a man would add 2 years to his life by ceasing to take snuff! By and bye, we shall hear of half a dozen years being gained by some other abandonment of personal gratifications. After all, is life so very desirable as to be worth these sacrifices of snuff and snoring?—*N. Y. Enq.*

Some desire is necessary to keep life in motion; and he whose real wants are supplied, must admit those of fancy.

Rasselas.

Flattery is a sort of bad money to which our vanity gives currency.

The fair Quakers.—They are certainly a dangerous sect. There is more peril to be encountered beneath one of their coal box drab bonnets, than in all the eyes that ever shone through artificial flowers. That coquetish simplicity of dress, its perfect neatness, so emblematic of purity, that latent smile just sufficient to dimple the cheek without uttering a sound, and above all, the snow-white stocking fitted exactly to the foot that cannot be concealed, have a witchery about them which we are sure never entered into the contemplation of the good and honest Penn.—*London Review.*

From the National Intelligencer.

Government of New York.—The Legislature of this important member of the Confederacy assembled on Tuesday last.

The Message of Governor Clinton has come to hand, and is a document distinguished by the writer's eminent talent and enlarged conceptions. We speak of the character and composition of the Message generally, not meaning to say so much of all its parts. His protestation against the exercise of the power of Internal improvement we are not surprised at; though, in our humble opinion, he might as reasonably, in a Constitutional view, have protested against the fortifications which protect the harbor of New York. But we are not surprised at it, because we have perceived that New York, having so magnanimously constructed for herself internal channels of communication, would have an interest adverse to similar works, elsewhere, being undertaken or assisted by the United States. And, as far as it goes, the argument is calculated to have weight with the People and politicians of that State. We were, however, *somewhat startled* at finding the power denounced as being unconstitutional: because, the only time that we ever had the pleasure to see the distinguished citizen who thus denounces it, was when he was on a visit to this City in 1811 or 1812, as a Commissioner, in company with Gouverneur Morris, from the State of New York, to solicit the aid and co-operation of the Government of the United States in the improvement of the Internal Navigation of the State of New York. Their earnest (and no doubt sincere) appeal to the General Government must be well remembered; and there was no whisper of a doubt as to the power of the Government to do what was asked. The following is what the Governor says on this head in his Message:

"As the spirit of Internal Improvement is rapidly extending in every direction, it has become a question of great moment, whether the General Government has power, with or without the consent of the State Governments, to construct canals and roads in their Territories, and whether such power, if not already vested, ought to be granted? High authorities are to be found on both sides of this question; and after devoting to it all the consideration to which, from its importance, it is entitled, I think it due to a sense of duty and a spirit of frankness to say, that my opinion is equally hostile to its possession, or exercise by, or its investment in, the national authorities. I can perceive in it nothing less than the harbinger of certain destruction to the State Governments, nor can we but see that it at once breaks down the barrier between a Government for national or exterior affairs, and local Governments for domestic or interior concerns. As well might Congress take cognizance of Agriculture, common schools, universities, penal codes, and the whole range of local and internal regulations, as of roads and canals. As, however, the General Government is possessed of the national domains, and has exclusive authority over the most productive sources of revenue, I believe that the power of distributing the necessary funds among the several States for objects of public improvement, ought to be incorporated in the Constitution, if not recognized as already in existence."

General Root was elected Speaker of the House of Assembly, and on taking the chair, delivered the following extraordinary speech. It is an *original:*

Gentlemen—For this distinguished mark of favor and confidence in my faculties to perform the duties of the chair, and the belief that I will use them to the advantage of the proceedings of the house, accept my unfeigned thanks. I assure you that it will not be owing to want of diligence, if the credit of the chair is not sustained, as it has been honorably sustained heretofore.

It is usual for the Speaker to assure the house, that he will pursue an impartial course of proceeding. If by impartiality is meant to throw aside the principles which distinguish the party to which I belong, it must not be expected that I will be impartial.

I was elected to the legislature by a political party, and it would appear that I am honored with this chair by the same party. When a committee is to be appointed on a question which may involve party considerations, it may be expected that I shall appoint a majority of that committee from the party to which I belong. And on a question of local bearing involving interests to any considerable extent, it cannot be expected that I will refer it to a committee entirely opposed to it; I am not willing to put a child to nurse to be strangled.

In the ordinary rules of legislation, my friends must not expect more lenity than I show to those who are politically opposed: in this, I promise to be impartial.

I conclude by expressing a hope that we shall have a prosperous and happy session. Some wrangling may be expected; but I hope that little broils may not effervesce so as to bring them in operation to the detriment of the ordinary transaction of business, which may come before the house, an important part of which will be the revision of the laws.

We have received from a naval friend, (says the New York Times,) the following list of U. S. ships of war now building:

Alabama,	74	at Portsmouth.
Virginia,	74	Boston.
Vermont,	74	do.
Pennsylvania,	74	Philadelphia.
New York,	74	Norfolk.
Santee,	44	
Savannah,	44	New York.
Sabine,	44	do.
Raritan,	44	Philadelphia.
Cumberland,	44	Boston.
Columbia,	44	Washington.
St. Lawrence,	44	Norfolk.
Concord,	18	Portsmouth.
Warren, (launched)	18	Boston.
Falmouth,	18	do.
Fairfield,	18	New York.
Vandalia,	18	Philadelphia.
Natchez,	18	Norfolk.
St. Louis,	18	Washington.

Law.—A Spanish proverb says, that the Jews ruin themselves at their Passover, the Moors at their Marriages, and the Christians at their Law-suits.

ENGLAND AND THE UNITED STATES.

An intelligent American gentleman, now at London, who is every way competent by education and observation, to form judicious deductions, writes to his friend in New York as follows:

"The condition of England at this time, is any thing but cheering. The TARIFF SYSTEM is the heaviest BLOW she ever received from our country. She begins to feel its operation, and seeks to quarrel with us about the northern boundary. The real fact is,, that war is to be waged, not with our country, but with its *prosperity.* The United States have hitherto afforded the best market for her manufactures. It is now diminishing—and Manchester, Leeds, and Birmingham, feel the vibration of every loom that is erected in our country.—England is in danger also of losing much of the continental market. France, Holland, Russia, Germany, &c., are patronizing manufactures to an extent that fills the wisest heads in England with dismay. I am aware that the opposition here is always portending evil, but even the friends of the ministerial party confess an alarm. The corn laws are the ostensible, permanent grievance; but the manufacturing distress is the evil that threatens most loudly and permanently the interests and tranquility of England.—*National Advocate.*

From the Gloucester Telegraph.

Postscript.—Arrived last night at 12 o-clock, after a passage of 365 ds. 5 hs. 45 sec's, ship New Year, 1827, with an assorted cargo from the Land of Oblivion, on a trading voyage. Saw off Despair Isle, the old ship 1826; the Massachusetts claim Bill was flying at her mizen peak, and the Bankrupt Bill was seen at the fore topmast head.

Wit.—Wit gives confidence less than confidence gives wit.—*Palmer's Aphorisms.*

North Carolina Legislature.

SENATE.

Monday, Jan. 8.

The bill providing that the appointment of Clerks of the Superior Courts shall hereafter be made by the Justices of the Peace, in the county where the vacancy occurs, instead of the Superior Court Judges, as is now prescribed by law, was read the second time, and laid on the table.

The bill to establish a Poor House in Anson county, was read three several times and ordered to be enrolled.

Tuesday, Jan. 9.

A message was received from the other House covering a message from the Governor, communicating certain resolutions of the State of Georgia, on the subject of amending the Constitution of the U. States, so that the election of President may not in any event devolve upon Congress. Referred to a select joint committee.

The Senate took up the orders of the day, and resolved itself into a committee of the whole House, on the bill vesting the right of electing Sheriffs in the people, Mr. Wilson of Edgecombe in the Chair.

Mr. Hill of Franklin moved that the Committee rise and report the bill without amendment, to the Senate.

Mr. Speight of Greene, in order to test the principle of the bill, moved to strike out the first section.

On the last motion a considerable debate ensued. Messrs. Seawell, Speight, Sanders, Yancy and M'Kay opposed the bill, and it was advocated by Messrs. Montgomery and Hill of Franklin. The question on striking out the first section, was finally decided in the affirmative, 30 to 29. The committee then rose and reported the bill to the Senate, with the amendment to strike out the first section. The question on concurring in this report of the Committee of the whole, was determined by Yeas and Nays, (called for by Mr. Holloman) as follows:

Yeas.—Messrs. Alexander, Baird of Burke, Bullock, Beard of Rowan, Beasly, Croom, Davenport, Deberry, Elliott, Foreman, Forney, Gilchrist, Hill of Stokes, Joyner, Leak, Love, McMillan, McKay, Miller, Matthews, McDaniel, Pickett, Smith, Sneed, Speight of Greene, Sharpe, Seawell, Stokes, Wilson of Camden, Wilson of Edgecomb, and Ward.—31.

Nays.—Messrs. Burney, Boddie, Blackwell, Bell, Davis, Devane, Gilliam, Gray, Hill of Franklin, Holloman, Hawkins, King, Locke, McDowell, Marsh, McLeary, Montgomery, Parker, Reddick, Roberts, Spaight of Craven, Salyear, Sanders, Shewford, Sellers, Tyson, Vanhook, Williams of Beaufort, Williams of Martin, Wasden, and Hunter —31.

There being a *tie* in the votes, it was decided in the affirmative by the casting vote of the Speaker.

Wednesday, Jan. 10.

Mr. McKay presented a resolution, instructing the committee of Finance to inquire into the expediency of authorising the revenue officers of the state to commence the collection of the public tax at an earlier period than is now prescribed by law.

The bill authorising B. W. Williams, of Moore county, to erect a Toll Bridge across Deep River, was read the 2d and 3d times, and ordered to be engrossed.

The balloting committee for Major General of the 8th division, reported that J. O. K. Williams was duly elected.

Mr. Stokes presented a bill to regulate the payment of claims against the several counties in this State.

The bill to explain and amend an act passed in 1822, which requires administrators to give counter security, &c., was read the 3d time and ordered to be engrossed.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Monday, Jan. 8.

Mr. Iredell presented the petition of Wm. Thornton, praying that a Charter be granted to him and others for the purpose of working the Gold Mines on their lands in Montgomery county.—Rejected.

Henry Dockery, one of the members from Richmond County, appeared, was qualified and took his seat.

Tuesday, Jan. 9.

Mr. Stockard presented the memorial of the Peace Society in Orange county, stating the hardships and demoralizing tendency of frequent militia musters, and praying for a revision of the laws in that respect.

Mr. Raiford presented the petition of sundry citizens of Duplin county, on the subject of the dividing line between the counties of Duplin and Wayne.

Mr. Shepherd, from the balloting committee for t. o Judges, reported that Robt. Strange had a majority of the whole number of votes, and was duly elected. No other person in nomination having a majority, another ballot will, of course take place.

Wednesday, Jan. 10.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from Robert Strange, Esq. (the member from the town of Fayetteville, who was yesterday elected a Judge of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity) resigning his seat as a member.

On the question of receiving his resignation, the *Speaker* observed, that he did not consider that it was necessary that the Gentleman from Fayetteville should resign his seat in the House, as he need not be qualified as Judge till his service as a member expired.

On the question being put, the House refused to accept of the resignation.

On motion of Mr. Carson, the Judiciary Committee were instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending the laws relative to Constables, so as to allow them a certain per centage on all executions collected and accounted for by them.

Messrs. A. Moore, Iredell, Settle, Alexander, and Shepherd, were appointed a committee to join a committee from the Senate on the resolution communicated by the Governor from the State of Georgia.

Another balloting for Judge took place, which eventuated in the election of James Martin, Esq. of Salisbury.

It will be seen by reference to the Legislative Proceedings, that the bill to vest the right of electing sheriffs in the people, has again been consigned to the 'tomb of the Capulets.' It is certainly an extraordinary coincidence, that this bill was indefinitely postponed at the last session, by the casting vote of the Speaker, and was rejected on Tuesday last, by the same vote. Every member of the Senate was present—the yeas and nays will be found in a preceding column.

Ral. Register.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Newbern, June 30, 1826.

Dr.

Debts due the Bank of Newbern, from individuals, by bond, note, &c.	$1,551,552
Bank property other than real estate,	3,185
Real estate,	40,050
Specie,	87,209
Bills of Exchange and notes of other Banks,	52,147
	$1,734,143

Cr.

Stock,	800,000
Debts and deposits,	437,811
Notes in circulation,	431,204
Balance,	65,128
	$1,734,143

M. C. STEPHENS, *Cashier.*

Bank of Newbern, Dec 1, 1826.

State of the Bank of Cape-Fear, Friday, 30th June, 1826.

Dr.

Capital Stock,	$792,000
Notes of this Bank in circulation,	497,090
Deposits,	70,192
Dividends unpaid,	6,359
Amount due to Banks,	163,955
Profit and loss, or surplus,	84,046
	$1,613,642

Cr.

Specie,	22,685
Funds at the North,	314,894
Due by Banks in North Carolina,	2,031
Notes of Banks on hand,	29,746
Real Estate,	78,150
Bills of Exchange,	30,656
Debts, consisting of Notes discounted and Judgments,	1,135,480
	$1,613,642

W. ANDERSON, *Cashier.*

From the Cape Fear Recorder.

TO THE EDITOR.

The people are the source of all power—they have formed a government, defined its powers, fixed its limits and provided for their exercise, and why? Because it is more convenient; they thus secure their object by representation, remain at home "pursuing their own business, in their own way." The object of our government thus formed, is to secure an equality of rights and persons to protect the weak, without injuring the strong—to excite industry by securing to every one the enjoyment of his labour, without any tax, but what is necessary to preserve the relation, and advance the interest that subsists between the government and the citizen. Hence every excrescence of European growth, that afforded an annoyance to equal rights, has been swept away. We have no nobility, no beneficed clergy, no tithings, no laws of primogeniture. Our sons and our daughters, equal objects of affection, by our laws of descents and statutes of distribution, after creditors have been satisfied, divide the estate of their deceased parents. They set out on the journey of life, with equal provision, and equal inducements to future usefulness. The poor man who can but admire the fairness and equality of those statutes, exhibiting a wise and beautiful system, without being a participant in their benefits, derives consolation from the guarantee which the constitution and the law affords, "that his patrimony which alone consists in the strength and dexterity of his hands," shall not be intruded on to favor the rich and powerful. In this enviable condition, we were left by our ancestors, patriots of the revolution, who with equal facility used the fire and the sword, in resisting tyranny and defending liberty. These lights in our state have gone out, and we are left to ourselves, not without the benefit of their examples. They left us in the full tide of liberty and enjoyment, and whilst they were at the helm, not a statute was passed, but tended to illustrate the beauty and excellence of their works. A sovereignty passed into our hands, unimpaired by improvident delegations of power, able to control any exigency that might arise in our progress in civilization and power, or in an honorable competition for wealth and commercial advantages with our sister states. How stands the case at present? The reader will pause, and with every true patriot and sound politician, express his regret at the change which has taken place. The answer and the evils too are exhibited in our statute book. There we discover that system of equality, so completely characteristic of all our first acts of legislation, innovated by numerous acts creating corporations; thus giving facilities and advantages to the wealthy and the wise, which they cannot use in the general, without injuring the people, drawing distinctions and awarding preferences in favour of the few, and at the expense of the many.

The first act to which we will refer, is that incorporating the Cape Fear Navigation Company, and its amendatory act, vesting in the Stockholders a fee simple in all their works, and securing the right of imposing tolls free from any tax, to the amount of fifteen per cent. on their capital stock, with the privilege of extending it from time to time, according to their will and pleasure. This right of improvement extended from the mouth of the Cape Fear river to its source, including all its tributary streams. The right below the upper wharf of the town of Wilmington, has been relinquished; see act 1822. The impolicy of creating such a corporation, independent of general principles, is deducible from its history. The original design and object of the charter, was to improve the river, by canals, sluices or otherwise, from the head of its navigable water to the confluence of Deep and Haw rivers. A canal was commenced, and after considerable labour and expense abandoned; all confidence was lost and the stock sunk comparatively to nothing. At this juncture and other subsequent periods, the state had an opportunity of making all the stock her own, at a small expense. The opportunity passed by. The company, to reimburse their losses, commenced, operations on the navigable part of the river. They were feebly and injudiciously conducted; notwithstanding tolls were imposed and collected. Thus situated, the legislature, by an act of assembly passed in 1823, directed the Board of Internal Improvement to subscribe to the amount of twenty thousand dollars, on condition they would reduce their shares one half, the state to do likewise; and the company was to be placed under the control of the Board of Internal Improvement. All which was done. The policy of the measure was then and is now questionable; the company had improvidently exhausted their fund, in operations utterly misdirected, never likely to afford the smallest advantage. Such palpable mismanagement, rendered the company unpopular—threw a damp, nay a death like coldness, on internal improvement. In this state of exhaustion and debility, depending on the tolls exacted on boats plying between Fayetteville and Wilmington, when but little labor had been performed, the funds exhausted elsewhere, and to no purpose—The state—an unusual alliance, strength with weakness, with nothing to induce, for nothing had been done—takes the corporation by the hand, and by her sovereign touch, gives vigor to the corporation, and value to the stock: and wherefore: that she may have the pleasure or the pain, of paying more for it. It now no longer totters; it claims alliance with sovereignty, a partner in power and property too. It is a net of our own weaving; if we are caught in its meshes, we can't blame the corporation, we gave it form, body, energy and action, with all the powers of self aggrandisement, without consciousness, for we could not give it a soul. A great defect, to be sure. It stands unconnected with another world, insensible of its rewards, and fearless of its punishments; but there is full space for temporal enjoyments, revolving in its circumference, and surveying its bounds. The waters of the North East, and the waters of the North West, must pay it tribute. The intermediate streams, the Black River, the South River, the Great and Little Cohara, the Six Rivers, the Rockfish, the Golden Grove and the Goshen, the Turnbull and the Colley, cannot plead exemption. External channels formed by nature; for this corporation, whilst unconnected with the state, neither made them deeper, longer or wider—intersecting the fairest portion of North Carolina, are under lock and key to her citizens. 'Tis true, fifteen per cent. paid in tolls, on the capital stock, makes them public high ways; but this capital stock may from time to time be increased at will and pleasure. For such a key, controlling incalculable treasures, there is no safe deposit, short of undivided sovereign power; and though sovereign, not like the Charter referred to—'tis limited, 'tis defined, 'tis understood, and affords to the people a sure guarantee that the design of the patriotic framers shall not be perverted with impunity. To contemplate its beauty, & partake of its powers, no other qualification is necessary than honest industry, and a zealous devotion to the public good. In this dilemma we are deprived of the benefit of election—choosing and refusing is not for us; we have but one alternative—we can only dissolve the connection by purchasing the residue of the stock. The sooner it is done the better; the most favorable period has passed by and cannot be recalled: it will lull popular prejudice, its current now sets against internal improvement. The people are willing to be taxed to promote the public good, but they disclaim as impolitic all connection between the state and navigation companies—and why? They well know the state may improve our rivers and roads, and not only benefit its citizens but ultimately enrich its treasury. We planters, while whistling after the plough, driving our wagons and cracking our whips, wanting nothing but good roads and good markets, have found out that New York, in expending millions in cutting her canal, is not likely to increase but to diminish her taxes. How different would have been the picture of New York, had she given that great public work to a company; suppose it had succeeded, its immense tolls would have enriched the company in lieu of her treasury, and she thus would have been despoiled of well earned and imperishable honors. Every planter who can cultivate twenty acres of land is capable of distinguishing the difference, and judging of the consequence.

This error on the part of the State in creating those Navigation Companies, most of which have a limitation as to time, except the Cape Fear, and will die of themselves, arose no doubt from the purest motives, and a feverish anxiety to do every thing at once which was thought practicable, whilst the paroxysm lasted. "Rome was not built in a day;" and who can or ever have excelled that wonderful people? whose roads, fortifications, aqueducts, theatres and fountains, from their durability, bespeak no hasty performance; the same is deducible from the history of more modern improvements.—'Tis no trifling matter to project and perform public works that will be durable and useful. The people must be in earnest—the Legislature must be in earnest; thus united, put forth all their strength—direct it to a point, and every obstacle must give way. What is more ludicrous, for a great State after sending to Europe for a civil engineer, making numerous surveys, and able reports that have gone abroad, to settle down to thirty or forty hands, and them wrought only a few months in the year. It is true, they have been effectually wrought, and have made a favorable alteration in the appearance of the river, thus demonstrating the necessity of means in proportion to the end. An honest industrious man neither wants favors or great bargains; the State should neither ask for the one or accept of the other. Sovereignty is abused when exerted unfairly. The present General Assembly (not the suggestion of arrogance, but of the deepest conviction of propriety) ought to purchase of the Corporation the residue of their stock—chaffer not a moment, offer at first all that generosity can give, or honesty receive. If the Corporation should reject propositions thus fairly made, place them under proper restrictions, such as corresponds with the true meaning and original intent of the charter, subject to such modifications as fairly arise from the amendatory acts,—require an annual report, that the public may know and understand their affairs, make provision to rectify errors and correct abuses, and carry on the improvement as fast as possible. The affairs of the Roanoke Company will soon approach to a crisis; they will either sink or swim. If they succeed they are sure of their reward. Should they faint by the way, the State no doubt can purchase the stock in proportion to the real value of the work, and thus gradually regain her sovereignty over her rivers (which never should have been parted with for a moment) the channels through which her wealth must ever flow; a sovereignty that cannot be too highly appreciated; a transfer that left her poor indeed; if disposed to be generous, with but little to give. An appeal is made to the present Legislature—by whom? a citizen and a planter: it cannot be called presumptuous; 'tis only the exercise of a constitutional right, one of the privileges of freemen—to their patriotism, to their pride, to that devotion to their own interest and the interest of their constituents, which in either case should never be overlooked; to do something worthy of themselves and the people, or give up the ship; and will this do? The last words of the gallant and expiring Lawrence sternly forbade it—The example of Blakeley, North Carolina's ever to be lamented son, teaches a different lesson.

A PLANTER.

Charleston, January 10.

Trotting Match.—A trotting match against time, for a bet of *two thousand dollars*, took place yesterday on the Washington Race Course, near this city, between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock. The conditions were, that the horse should go fifty times round the course, (a distance of one mile) in five successive hours; which was performed in 2 minutes and 14 seconds within the time—he was driven by a gentleman in a sulkey. In the forty-sixth mile, the horse broke into a canter; in the forty-eighth, he again trotted for three quarters of a mile, and then cantered the remaining distance. The excitement among the spectators became intense the last two miles, and on his coming in winner, a general acclamation ensued, which alarmed the horse; at the same instant, the bit broke, and he ran with much violence towards the city—the gentleman being unable to restrain him, was thrown from the sulkey a short distance from the course; and the horse, after dashing the vehicle in pieces, ran through the city for some time, before he could be arrested. The gentleman was not hurt.

CONGRESS.

IN SENATE.

Monday, January 8.

Mr. Branch presented the petition of the inhabitants of Wilmington, N. C. He observed that during the Revolutionary war, a number of vessels were sunk in the channel of the river to obstruct the approach of the enemy, in consequence of which the navigation of the river had been ever since obstructed, by the formation of sandbars, at that point where the vessels were sunk. In this petition they appealed to Congress for assistance in the removal of those obstructions. The claim was considered a just one, and it has been sanctioned by precedent. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

On motion of Mr. Benton, the Senate went, for a short time, into Executive business.

Thursday, Jan. 11.

Mr. Johnson, of Ken. from the committee on the Post Office and Post Roads, reported a bill to increase the salary of the Postmaster General 2000 dollars.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Saturday, January 6.

On motion of Mr. Conner, it was

Resolved, That the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads be instructed to inquire into the expediency of establishing a post route from Charlotte, North Carolina, by way of Old nation-ford, (or Harris' Ferry,) on Catawba river, to Chester Court House, in South Carolina.

Mr. Barney moved the following resolution, which was rejected:

Resolved, That the committee of Ways and Means be instructed to inquire into the expediency of reducing the duties on Teas, Wines, Coffee, and Salt. Also, into the propriety of requiring cash payments for duties on foreign manufactures.

Tuesday, January 9.

Mr. McLane, of Delaware, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill, authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to exchange a stock of five per cent. to the amount of sixteen millions of dollars, for certain stocks of six per cent. and to borrow a sum equal to any deficiency in the said amount authorized to be exchanged.

The following resolution, offered (with the exception of the last clause, which was moved by Mr. Saunders, of N. C.) by Mr. Blair, of Tennessee, was, after debate, adopted:

Resolved, That the President of the U. States be requested to communicate to this House whether any, and, if any, what, number of Charges des Affaires have been appointed since the fourth day of March, 1789, without the advice and consent of the Senate; and whether, in any case, such appointment has been made after notice had been given of the intention of a Minister abroad to return, and after his successor had been appointed: also, by what authority, and what length of time did said temporary appointment continue; what the general duties to be discharged, and what the compensation paid. And that the President also inform this House, from what period the persons appointed Minister and Secretary of Legation to Panama, received their commissions, and from what period they have been paid their salaries."

Thursday, Jan. 11.

Mr. Webster, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill further to amend the Judicial System of the U. S.—proposing to appoint three additional Associate Judges.

Mr. McLane, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill making appropriations for the support of Government for the year 1827.

Most of the day was spent on the bill for the relief of the survivors of the Revolutionary Army.

Washington, January 11.

Mr. Livingston yesterday called up, in the House of Representatives, his motion for an appropriation of fifty thousand dollars for the relief of the Greeks. It was not in order to take it up at the time. But Mr. L. gave notice that he should call for the consideration of it every day until it was taken up and acted upon.

The Committee of the House of Representatives upon the Letter of Mr. Calhoun is still sitting, daily, and, we may say, all day long. We had not expected so protracted an investigation, and cannot easily conjecture what may be the course of it. The Members of the Committee do not communicate what passes in the Committee, very properly preferring that the record, when made up, shall speak for itself. Left to presumption therefore, we are at liberty to suppose that the investigation has taken a wider range than the mere inquiry whether the Vice President, when Secretary of War, had participated in the profits of a contract made in his office.

From Annapolis, we learn, that, on Tuesday last, Samuel Smith was unanimously re-elected a Senator of the United States, from that State, for six years after the 3d day of March next, when his present term of service will expire.

Nat. Intelligencer.

Supreme Court.—In conformity to a law of the last Session of Congress, the Supreme Court of the United States, on Monday convened in the Capitol at Washington. All the Judges were present except Justice Johnston, who is hourly expected.

A Comet has been discovered for several evenings of last week, visible at a small distance S. E. of the planet Mars—it is at present too distant to form any correct judgment of its course, but we mention the fact to draw the attention of Astronomers to it.

Nat. Int.

We are authorised to say, that the paintings and busts of *Thos. Jefferson*, dec. will not be offered for sale on the 15th of January next; but will be sent to some one of the large cities and then sold, after due notice.

Rich. Enquirer.

Great men.—Going into the company of great men is like going into the other world; you ought to stay 'till you're called.—*Rowe.*

FOREIGN.

FROM ENGLAND.

By the ship *Josephine*, Capt. C. [illegible] *New York*, Liverpool, from whence she sailed 20th of November, we have received gular files of London papers to the of the 18th, and Liverpool to the The New Parliament met, pu the royal summons, on Tuesday proceedings hitherto have consis of the initiating forms of its co the reading of the Royal Commis pen and hold the parliament; the in the members of both Houses choosing of a Speaker (the former Mr. Manners Sutton was of cours ed) by the Commons, on Tuesda sentation of the Speaker, at the House of Lords, to receive the bation, on Wednesday; and the of members on Thursday and re On Tuesday next the business of will commence with the King's S the addresses of both Houses the

The artisans in Lancashire and are in a deplorable state. Many once in the enjoyment of many are now unable by the most ardu to procure the common necessar

London,

"A further advance has taken morning in almost every descr Stock. The improvement in Co half per cent., with every appear ing still higher. The present are 84 3-8 1-2 for the 28th, and for the January account, making uation more than half per cent continues exceedingly abundant.

Liverpool,

Our Cotton market still continues la not, however, notice any decline in pri vate sales consist of 110 Sea Island at with 40 Stained at 6½ to 9d—2750 Bowed The sales of Tobacco have again been prices are a shade lower. No sales have in Tar, but about 1350 bbls. Turpentine disposed of at about our quotations. Rice are confined to about 100 tierces a small lot of East India, at prices subject

New York,

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

By the arrival on Saturday of ship Cowper, Capt. Mann, from and last from Cowes, we have rec London *Times* of the 20th, and of the 21st, being three days later the Josephine. Parliament was the 21st of November, and the King which we give below, was delivered self in person.

At ten minutes before two, the rived at the House, and at ten min two, having robed, his Majesty en took his seat upon the Throne. T of Commons were then summo bar, in the usual form, by the Us Black Rod, and having taken the with the Speaker at their head, ty delivered the following Speech dible tone:

"*My Lords and Gentlemen*—I have c gether at this time for the special purpo nicating to you the measure which I ha sary to take in the month of September mission into the Ports of the United King tain sorts of Foreign Grain not then allow

"I have directed a copy of the Order issued on that occasion, to be laid before confidently trust that you will see suffi for giving your sanction to the provisio der, and for carrying them into effectual

"I have great satisfaction in being a you, that the hopes entertained at the last Session of Parliament, respecting tion of the war in the Burmese Territories fulfilled, and that a peace has been concl quarter, highly honorable to the British the Councils of the British Government

"I continue to receive from all Foreign surances of their earnest desire to cultiva tions of peace and friendly understanding

"I am exerting myself with unremitti whether singly, or in conjunction with a well to arrest the progress of existing hos to prevent the interruption of peace in a of the world.

"*Gentlemen of the House of Commons*— rected the Estimates for the ensuing Year pared, and they will, in due time, be laid

"I will take care that they shall be form much attention to economy as the exigen public service will permit.

"The distress which has prevailed the and manufacturing classes of my subjects, last twelve months, has affected some branches of the Revenue. But I have the of informing you, that there has been no nution in the internal consumption of the to excite any apprehensions that the gre our wealth and prosperity have been imp

"*My Lords and Gentlemen*—I have deep thized with the sufferings which have be time past so severely felt in the manufa tricts of the country.

"I have contemplated, with great satis exemplary patience with which those suff been borne.

"The depression under which the trade factures of the country have been labouri ted more slowly than I had thought myself in anticipating. But I retain a firm expec this abatement will be progressive, and th is not distant when under the blessing of vidence, the commerce and industry of Kingdom will have resumed their wonted

His Majesty occupied the space minutes in delivering the address.

Capt. Parry was to sail in a few the Hecla for Spitsbergen. He inten ceeding thence in boats drawn over by Shetland ponies.

Every sentence, says the Times issues from the political press, bea ful testimony to the crisis now affec nation. There cannot be named class of the community which does fer under more than common distre

New York,

By the Corithian, we have Lond pers to the 26th Nov. They are filled with debates in Parliament. 24th Nov. Mr. Huskisson moved as seen by our extracts certain resolut specting the orders in council, w foreign grain had been admitted into land. These however did not to principle of the corn laws, but went to grant indemnity to the mini

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Traitor!—By Capt. ma, which arrived la from Callao, and 37 we receive the unwe suspicions hitherto d the reputed second C. reports, that ab per, Bolivar declar f Peru for life, with p uccessor. The Vic ppointed for life, and eed him. Bolivar w ular at Lima, and th led state—several o r being engaged in um. Admiral Guise he Lama left. The ut 1500 in number, fr ed by Bolivar to Li w stationed—he had s with him to Colon N.

owing Proclamation to give the lie to the

AMATION OF BO ans: Five years since arch at the head of t rom the shores of th heights of Potosi. ans, two sister Repu dependence under t ners, and the world ed to be Spanish. r absence. fortunes have called I come full of zeal to he national will, wh ecause it is infallibl ional voice obliges f the supreme comm ally, since by that I n and an attempt at they think me so m rade myself? Do the stiny of LIBERATO n the Throne? ans: I return to su ble weight of the ments of danger, to rdice, not moderatio until the law or the soyereignty. Permit as a plain soldier and as a citizen armed in iful trophies of our e. BO

the Gov't. Bogota, Nov.

...ise of power, unlawful in itself, ...lled for, by the exigencies of the ...and to continue the duties on impor- ...prescribed in those orders, until ... Both Mr. Canning however ...Huskisson had pledged themselves ...the whole subject of the corn laws ...notice of Parliament, soon after ...days.

...address to the throne was moved in ...se of Lords by Earl Cornwallis, ...onded by Lord Colville. The a- ...that was moved by Lord King. ...amendment was rejected, and the ...address was carried without a di-

...Commons, the address was mov- ...Hon. T. Liddell, and seconded ...Winn. Mr. Brougham commented ...the meagre and unmeaning ...from the throne, and upon its omis- ...many important topics, particular- ...Ireland, the name of which did ...in the speech. Thereupon Mr. ...occasion to refer to the fact, that ...royal speech previous to the late ...this country, the name of Ame- ...rica," said Mr. B. "was on the ...lip of every man here who tho't ...condition, or felt for the welfare of ...try," was not "either by specific ...or implied allusion, to be found." ...fact thus stated, Mr. Brougham ...add the following marvellous spe- ...his ignorance of the institutions ...country, and of the inaccuracy of ...mation upon which even such a ...

...the omission of America from being ...the hopes or the expectations of men, ...side of the Atlantic, that a most remark- ...stance (as he had heard but a few mi- ...from a gentleman who was in Ameri- ...ce) took place in one of her cities on ...of a copy of the Royal Speech there. It ...in America to be a bitter satire upon ...and the Parliament of this country; ...that the man who first ventured to pro- ...was cast into prison as a gross libeller, ...confined there until his vindication ar- ...shape of official despatches to the Re- ...of the British Government in that

...of the United States summari- ...prison and kept there confined, ...ulgating a speech, presumed to ...of the king of England!! and ...ougham supposes he under- ...institutions. Mr. Hume moved ...ment to the address, but amid so ...coughing and scraping, ow- ...presumed to the not very clear- ...connection of this gentleman, ...culations to the Greek funds, as ...me time inaudible. The origi- ...was carried by a vote of 170 to

London, Nov. 25.

...illock has arrived this morning ...India House, overland, from ...is officer has brought the long ...way between this country and ...he Persians claim some advanta- ...Russians in the accounts bro't ...illock.

...tter, dated Liverpool, Nov. 25, 1826. ...s been in fair demand during the ...past week: the total sales have a- ...000 bags. ...in the hands of the trade are gene ...ted, and the demand is nearly confin- ...ly of their present wants. Holders ...otton pretty freely, and particularly ...close of the week; yet last week's ...een generally obtained for all descrip-

...*Traitor!*—By Capt. Center of ...ima, which arrived last evening ...from Callao, and 37 from Per- ...we receive the unwelcome con- ...suspicions hitherto discredited, ...the reputed second Washing- ...C. reports, that about the 6th ...ber, Bolivar declared himself ...of Peru for life, with power to ap- ...uccessor. The Vice President ...ppointed for life, and his eldest ...ceed him. Bolivar was exceed- ...pular at Lima, and the place in a ...led state—several officers had ...for being engaged in a conspira- ...him. Admiral Guise was on his ...the Lama left. The Colombian ...ut 1500 in number, from Arrica, ...ed by Bolivar to Lima, where ...e stationed—he had taken the ...s with him to Colombia.

N. Y. Times.

...lowing Proclamation of Bolivar ...to give the lie to the above par-

...AMATION OF BOLIVAR.

...ans: Five years since I left this ...march at the head of the Liberat- ...rom the shores of the Cauca to ...heights of Potosi. A million ...ians, two sister Republics, have ...dependence under the shadow ...ners, and the world of Colum- ...sed to be Spanish. Such is the ...my absence.

...fortunes have called me back to ...I come full of zeal to consecrate ...the national will, which shall be ...because it is infallible.

...ional voice obliges me to take ...of the supreme command; I ab- ...ally, since by that I am accused ...and an attempt at monarchy. ...they think me so mad as to as- ...grade myself? Do they not know ...estiny of LIBERATOR is more ...an the Throne?

...ans: I return to submit to the ...ole weight of the magistracy; ...ments of danger, to give it up ...rudice, not moderation: yet count ...until the law or the people re- ...sovereignty. Permit me then to ...as a plain soldier and a true re- ...as a citizen armed in defence of ...ful trophies of our victories—

BOLIVAR.

...the Gov't. Bogota, Nov. 23, 1826.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE:

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, JAN. 17, 1827.

☞ **All persons indebted to the Editor are earnestly requested to make immediate payment—those at a distance by mail or other convenient and safe mode.**

It is a duty we most cheerfully perform, to render our sincere acknowledgments to the numerous friends who have promptly attended to the above request. They came in season to relieve us from fears which had almost caused a determination to abandon a post of so much pecuniary danger, as we had lately every reason to consider ours. The prospect is now brightened, and we shall be stimulated to renewed exertion, by the assurance that our labors, poor as they are, are not entirely unappreciated or unrewarded.

We trust that those to whom the above notice is yet applicable, (and they are not few) will soon relieve us from the necessity of continuing its publication.

Election of Judges.—On Tuesday last, the Legislature balloted for two Judges of the Superior Courts, to supply the place of Judge Nash, resigned, (to fill which Judge Mangum had been selected by the Council of State;) and of the late Judge Paxton. The first balloting resulted in the election of ROBERT STRANGE, Esq. of this town, by the following vote:

Robert Strange,	100 votes.
Willie P. Mangum,	75
James Martin,	58
Joseph Pickett,	45
Thomas P. Devereux,	39
Robert H Burton,	38
Scattering,	27

91 votes being necessary to a choice, no person in nomination was elected except Mr. Strange. On Wednesday, two other ballotings took place, by the last of which, JAMES MARTIN, Esq. of Salisbury, was elected. The votes were as follows:

	1st balloting.	2d do.
Martin,	72	102
Mangum,	68	84
Burton,	29	
Devereux,	18	
Blank,	1	4

Before the first of these ballotings, the name of Col. Pickett was withdrawn; and before the second, Mr. Devereux and Mr. Burton were likewise withdrawn.

We cannot but feel great satisfaction at the result of these elections. The Legislature, by selecting gentlemen of higher legal standing than Judge Mangum, and recognising the principle that the convenience of the different sections of the State should be consulted in the appointment of Judges, has set a mark of disapprobation, too plain to be misunderstood, on the doings of the Council of State last summer.

Town Election.—Yesterday being the day fixed by the writ of election, to supply the vacancy in the House of Commons occasioned by the resignation of Judge Strange, John D. Toomer, Esq. was elected without opposition. He left town in this morning's stage, for Raleigh.

Legislative Proceedings.—By yesterday's Raleigh Register we find that very little business of public concern has been acted on.

In the Senate, on Thursday, the Judiciary committee was instructed to inquire into the expediency of so amending the Militia Laws, that Field Officers after serving 3 years, and Captains 5 years, may be discharged from further services. Mr. Pickett, from the Judiciary committee, to which was referred that part of the Governor's message which related to the compensation of Prosecuting Officers, reported a bill to carry the suggestion of the Governor into effect. The Senate took up the bill to amend the Emancipation Laws of the State, which provides that no slave shall be emancipated until his owner shall have given bond and security in $1000, that the slave shall leave the state within six months, never to return; and also, that in case any such emancipated person should return, he should be sold by order of any county court. The bill passed its second reading.

On Saturday, the bill to authorise the appointment of a Special Justice for the town of Fayetteville, was, on motion of Mr. Elliott, taken up, passed, and returned to the House. Mr. Seawell introduced a bill to locate the several Judges of the Superior Courts; providing that Judge Daniel shall ride the 1st circuit, Judge Donnell the 2d, Judge Ruffin the 3d, Judge Norwood the 4th, Judge Strange the 5th, and Judge Martin the 6th, and providing that any case in which the presiding Judge may have been concerned as Counsel, may be removed.

In the House, on Thursday, the decision against accepting the resignation of R. Strange was reconsidered, & the resignation accepted. Mr. Alford presented a bill to exempt subaltern officers in the militia from furnishing themselves with uniform, which was rejected. The bill fixing the 2d Monday in December for the meeting of the Legislature, passed its 2d reading, after considerable debate—yeas 65, nays 58.

On Friday, Mr. Fisher presented a bill for the further relief of honest debtors.—Referred. The House refused the petition to erect a new county out of the counties of Burke and Buncombe.

Extract of a Letter to the Editor, dated yesterday morning.

'In the Senate, yesterday, a bill to attach the office of Clerk and Master in Equity to that of Clerk of the Superior Court, and a bill to prohibit the use of spirits at company musters, passed their 1st reading. The Senate went into committee of the whole, on the bill to point out and direct the manner in which prosecuting officers shall in future be paid, and after some debate, the committee rose and reported the bill without amendment. A motion was then made for its indefinite postponement, which was negatived by the casting vote of the Speaker.

In the House, the bill concerning the Supreme Court was rejected on its 2d reading.

Mr. Ship presented a bill, appointing Commissioners to lay out a road from Salisbury to Lincolnton.

The bill supplemental to an act, entitled "an act concerning the estates of persons dying intestate," was rejected on its second reading.

The engrossed bill from the Senate, authorising the Commissioners of Fayetteville to appoint a Special Magistrate, and to amend the 5th sec. of the act of 1821, for the better regulation of said town, was laid on the table.

The bill to advance the administration of justice in Courts of Equity, and to establish Courts for that purpose, passed its first reading, was referred to a committee of the whole, and made the order for Tuesday.

Virginia Senator.—The Raleigh Register of yesterday says, "By a letter from Richmond, dated the 13th inst., 4 P. M., we are informed that Governor Tyler is elected Senator to Congress from that state, to succeed Mr. Randolph. The votes are stated to be, Tyler 115; Randolph 110; Scattering 2."

The late rains have raised the Cape Fear, so that the Steam Boats are running, without much fear of further interruption during the winter. Mr. Thompson's Steam Boat Cotton Plant arrived on Thursday, with a full load of dry goods, groceries, &c. and 2 large Tow Boats, with salt. She departed on Saturday, at half past 10 A. M., loaded with cotton, &c. and arrived at Wilmington same night at 10 P. M.

The Henrietta also left on Saturday.

We copy from the Wilmington Recorder, another number of 'A Planter,' on a subject of great importance to the State generally, and to this community particularly. As far as we have been able to ascertain, the public sentiment is decidedly in unison with the views of 'A Planter;' and we believe the Legislature could hardly sanction a more useful or popular measure than the purchase of the charter of the Cape Fear Navigation Company. They would then have the power (and having that, we hope they would not want the will) to effect something for the improvement of the only river on which we can hope for a large commercial town in the State. Give us good roads and an unobstructed navigation, and Fayetteville must prosper. For want of them, it will languish, with small hopes of improvement for itself, or advancement of the character or wealth of the State.

Schr. Fairplay.—For some time past serious apprehensions have been entertained that this vessel, one of the packets between Philadelphia and Wilmington, was lost. She sailed from Philadelphia on the 16th ult.; and so faint were the hopes of her safety, that a house in this town having goods on board, was anxious, a few days since, to effect insurance at 50 per cent. We have the pleasure to state, that she has at last got into Charleston, S. C. in distress, with loss of sails, &c. The winds have probably been uncommonly boisterous and unfavorable, for besides the above long passage, we notice that a schooner arrived at Charleston in 12 days from Wilmington—the usual passage being one day.

We find the following item of marine news in the Charleston Courier of Jan. 11.

"Brig Juniata, Gautier, Kingston, (Jam.) 30 days. Sugar and Coffee. To the master—in distress—bound to Wilmington, N. C. put in on account of head winds, and short of water and provisions. Extract from the log-book:—Jan. 3—These 24 hours commence with fresh breezes and squally, all necessary sail set. At half past 6, P. M. an awful occurrence took place in the cabin, between the Captain and first officer, John Dawe; the hands were called down in the cabin, but before we could get a light in the state room, we saw the flash, and heard the report of a pistol, and the second mate, Mr. Wheaton, fell dead on the cabin floor; the Captain retired, severely wounded, in five places; dressed the Captain's wounds, and confined the prisoner to his state room; afterwards secured him in irons.

N. Carolina Notes.—In New York, 3 to 3½ per cent. discount. Philadelphia, 3 per cent. Norfolk, 2 per cent. Richmond, 2 to 2¼ per cent. Petersburg, 3 per cent.—Charleston, 2 to 2½ per cent.—at the latest dates.

MARRIED,

In Montgomery county, on the 31st ultimo, by Litleton Harris, Esq. Mr. Rowland Harris to Miss Eliza Hearne, all of that county.

In Lincoln county, on Tuesday evening the 12th ult. by Miles W. Abernathy, Esq. Mr. John Hampton to Miss Lavina Sherill, daughter of Mr. Benjamin Sherill.

Departed this life, in Moore county, on Saturday the 30th ult., Mrs. Eliza Reid, consort of Thomas M. D. Reid, Esq., in the 27th year of her age. The various relations of wife, mother, friend, relative, and neighbor, she sustained in such a manner as to secure the esteem and affection of all who knew her. She was a member of the Presbyterian Church. Her faith and patience were severely tried by affliction; and she sustained the trial of both, in a manner worthy of the solemn profession she had made, of the religion of Jesus Christ. She had, for a considerable time, suffered much, under the wasting influence of the consumption; and the pain to which this lingering disease subjected her delicate frame, she bore with becoming fortitude. Although, during her last illness, she suffered much, it pleased God, mercifully to preserve to her the exercise of her reason, to her last moment, in its full vigour. When she perceived that her dissolution was approaching, she directed that all her family should be called in; and separately addressing each member of her household, and each of her friends and neighbors who attended her in her last illness and ministered to her necessities, she affectionately bid them all adieu: then taking her husband by the hand, she took leave of him also, in the same affectionate manner, and with a complacent smile, lifting up her eyes to Heaven, she exclaimed, "O Lord, receive my soul!" and then expired without a struggle or a groan.

In those pure mansions, destin'd for the bless'd,
The saints who sleep in Jesus, are at rest:
Rest, happy spirit, in thy bless'd abode,—
Rest, in th' embraces of a pard'ning God:
But, why pursue thee, with a mortal's lays?
Why vainly lavish, either blame or praise?
Releas'd from earth,—conceal'd from human sight,
Beyond them both, thou now hast ta'en thy flight.
May those who yet survive thee, be prepar'd,
T' enjoy, the true believer's rich reward!

January 11, 1827. [COMMUNICATED.

DIED,

At his residence, near Nashville, in the State of Tennessee, on the night of the 22d ultimo, the Hon. JOHN HAYWOOD, Judge of the Supreme Court of the State of Tennessee, in the 65th year of his age. This distinguished gentleman was a native of the State of North Carolina, where he had attained high eminence at the Bar before his removal to Tennessee, which took place about twenty years ago. He was one of the most profound jurists in the country, and was particularly so in that class of cases relating to land titles, &c. which forms so large a portion of the business of the Western Courts. His death, we learn, was sudden, and the loss of his public services to the State is deeply regretted.

Nat. Intelligencer.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

ARRIVED,

Schr. Helena, Witham, Baltimore.
' Earl, Bradford, Providence.
' Adelia, Morse, New York.
' Plymouth Rock, Carver, New York.
' Nelson, Greenlaw, New York.
' President, Ames, Barbadoes.
Brig Elizabeth, Sylvester, Martinique.
Schr. Element, Wait, Portland.
' Plato, Tredwell, Salem.
' Constellation, Ames, Bermuda.
' William & Louisa, Haskell, New Port.
Brig Mary & Susan, Pool, Boston.
Sloop Polly, Haskell, Newbury Port.
Schr. Milo, Langdon, Portsmouth.
' Mary Ann, Doughty, New York.
Brig Dunlap, Merritt, Dominique.
' Native, Tolles, Trinidad.
' Herald, Riply, New York.
Schr. Hope, Hammond, Havanna.
Brig Beaver, Work, Providence.
' Sarah Lee, McKinzie, Providence.
Sloop Hussar, Way, Charleston.
' Sublime, Vail, Charleston.
Brig Mary, Given, New Orleans.
Schr. Margaret, Dennett, Jamaica.
Brig Leo, Merritt, St. Eustatia.
' Byron, Emery, St. Vincents.
Schr. Alfred, Law, Charleston.
Brig Globe, Barns, Trinidad.
' James Cowing, Gaudaloupe.
Br. Brig Grand Turk, Simpson, Bermuda.
Schr. Amity, Linnett, Boston.
Brig Eastern Star, Hoodlett, Gaudaloupe.
Schr. Fortune, Marosey, New Port.
Fr. Brig Cybele, Dunett, Gaudaloupe.
Brig Franklin, Wilcox, Barbadoes.

CLEARED,

Schr. General Jackson, Foster, New York.
Brig Mary & Eliza, Talbot, Matanzas.
Schr. Alpha, Pierce, Matanzas.
Schr. Paragon, Tate, St. Thomas.
Brig Flamingo, Thomas, St. Thomas.

Just received and for sale,

40 Bags Coffee,
30 bbls. Apple Brandy,
By L. FITZHARRIS.

January 17. 2tf.

PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected weekly, by a Committee of Merchants.

MERCHANDISE.	*Quan'ty rated.*	*From D.C.*	*To D.C.*
Beef, Fresh in Market,	lb.	4	5
Brandy, Cogniac	gallon	1 25	1 60
Apple	do	45	50
Peach	do	60	75
Bacon	lb	7	8
Beeswax	do	26	27
Butter	do	15	20
Bagging	yard	20	25
Coffee, Prime Green	lb	19	20
2d & 3d qual.	do	16	18
Candles, Mould	do	15	17½
Spermaceti,	do		34
Cotton	100lbs	8 50	9
Corn	bushel	65	70
Copperas	100lbs		5
Flax	do	15	18
Flaxseed, Rough	bushel	80	90
Flour, Superfine	barrel	6	6 50
Fine	do	5	6
Fish, Herrings (none)	do		
Mackerel	do	4	5 50
Mullet	do	6	6 50
Feathers	lb	30	33
Gin, Holland	gallon	90	1 25
Country	do	43	45
Ginger	lb	10	12½
Glass, Amer. 8 by 10	50 feet	4	5
10 by 12	do	6	6
Hides, Buenos Ayres,	lb		
West India,	do		
Iron	100 lb	5 50	6 50
Indigo, Bengal	lb	3	3 50
Flotant	do	2 75	3
Lime	cask	2 25	2 50
Lard	lb	7	8
Leather, Skirting	do	30	35
Sole	do	28	30
Bridle	side	3	4
Lead, Bar	lb	9	10
Logwood	100 lb	2 50	3
Molasses	gallon	35	37½
Nails, Cut, assorted	lb	7½	8
Wrought	do	18	20
Shingles	1000	1 50	2
Oats,	bushel	50	55
Oil, Currier's	barrel	18	20
Linseed	gallon	80	1
Pork	barrel	8	9
Pepper	lb	20	22
Pimento	do	30	
Plaster, Paris	ton	7 50	10
Powder, Dupont's	Keg	7 50	8
Others	do	5	7 50
Paints, White Lead	do	3 50	4
Spanish Brown	do	2	2 80
Yellow Ochre	do	2 50	
Rum, Jamaica	gallon	1	1 25
Wind. Island	do	70	80
New England	do	50	
Rice	100 lb	3 50	4
Rags	lb	2	6
Shot	Bag	2 75	
Sugar, Mus. Prime	100 lb	11	12
Common	do	9	10
Loaf	lb	20	
Salt, Liverpool	bushel	90	
Turks Island, St. Ubes, &c.	do	85	90
Salts, Epsom	lb	25	30
Glauber	do	6	7
Steel, American	do	8	9
E. Blistered	do	16	18
German	do	17	18
Salt-petre	do	12	15
Tallow	do	10½	11
Tea, Imp. and Gunp.	do	1 50	1 75
Hyson	do	1 20	
Tobacco, Leaf	100 lb	3 50	4
Manufactured	do	5	20
Tin, ⅓ x	box	16	18
Verdigris	lb	65	
Wheat	bushel	1	1 10
Whiskey	gallon	45	50
Wines, Madeira, L. P.	do	2 50	4
Sicily Madeira	do	1 25	1 50
Teneriffe	do	1 25	1 55
Port	do	2 00	3 20
Malaga	do	80	

Quarrels.—He that blows the coals in Quarrels he has nothing to do with, has no right to complain if the sparks fly in his face.—*Present for an Apprentice.*

Lost,

SOME time last summer, supposed to have been delivered to some person by mistake from one of my boats, three ANVILS, marked T. L. C If they have been delivered to any merchant, by mistake, they will please to make it known to

DUNCAN THOMPSON.

January 17, 1827.—2tf.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to me in this place, or within the bounds of the Fayetteville Presbytery, are requested to make immediate payment to Mr. Duncan McFadyen, who is authorized to receive payment and to grant discharges.

R. H. MORRISON.

Fayetteville, Jan. 16, 1827. 2tf.

Notice.

THE Subscriber lost at Mr. Willis Council's, in Bladen county, on the 4th January inst., the sum of *EIGHTY DOLLARS*, in four twenty dollar bills, of the following Nos. 53. 167. 154. 249, Cape Fear Bank, letter G on all. The person who may have found, or picked up the same, will receive a liberal reward by returning them to me, five miles below Elizabeth. MARG'T. SMITH.

January 17. 2 1w.

Auction.

Will be sold on Friday Night, the 16th instant,

AT early candle-light, at the Subscriber's Auction Store, a handsome assortment of

Dry and Fancy Goods, Domestics, Shoes, Sherry Wine, &c. &c.

Terms liberal and made known at the time of sale.

L. FITZHARRIS, *Auct'r.*

January 17. 1w.

$30 Reward.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber, living in the town of Fayetteville, North Carolina, some time in December, 1825, a negro man by the name of *BILLY*, aged about 35 years, stout built, five feet six inches high, not very black, has a good countenance, rather long face and speaks slow, and is an excellent Carpenter. Billy has relations in Bladen county, owned by Messrs. Miller & Thames, and in this County by Archibald Black, (Rockfish) and may probably be harbored in those neighborhoods, by negroes. The last account I had of him, was on the road leading from this place to Salem N C. and have understood he has forged Free Papers. I will give the above reward to any person who will secure him in any jail in this State, or 50 dollars if delivered to me in Fayetteville, and all reasonable expenses paid. DAVID SMITH.

January 17. 2tf.

Managers' Office,

Fayetteville.

Drawing of the Union Canal Lottery, 26th Class, received,

The following Numbers were drawn from the wheel in the order they stand:

34—58—48—3—39—45—60—42.

The Tickets which drew the highest Prizes are as follows:

34 48 58	a prize of	$25,000
42 45 60		10 000
3 48 58		5,000
3 39 48		4,000
3 39 45		3,000
3 39 60		1,952

besides a number of 1,000 dolls. 500 dolls. &c. &c. all distributed in a few minutes.

☞ Adventurers wishing to be in Fortune's path, can be supplied in any of the Lotteries now before the public, by applying at the

Fortunate Office,

Under Lafayette Hotel, Fayetteville.

January 17.

This Day,

ODD AND EVEN SYSTEM.

Scheme No. 9 of the

Grand State Lottery of Maryland.

The holder of two tickets or two shares will be certain of *at least* One Prize, and may draw THREE! The whole to be drawn in ONE DAY. and will take place in Baltimore, on the 17th of January.

Highest Prize, $20,000.

BRILLIANT SCHEME.

1	Prize of $20,000	is	$20,000
1	10,000		10,000
1	5,000		5,000
5	1,000		5,000

Whole Tickets 5 Dollars, Shares in proportion.

THIRD CLASS OF THE

Virginia Grand State Lottery.

The whole in one day. The drawing will take place in Richmond, on the 24th January.

Highest Prize $10,000.

SCHEME.

1	Prize of 10,000 Dolls.	is	10,000
1	5,000		5,000
4	1,000		4,000

Whole Tickets 3 Dollars, Shares in proportion.

Lucky Tickets and Shares for sale at the

FORTUNATE OFFICE,

Under Lafayette Hotel, Fayetteville, N C.

Where has been sold prizes to an immense amount, and paid at *sight.*

January 10, 1827.

DRAWING ON THE 21st FEBRUARY, 1827.

Only 7980 Tickets.

North Carolina Lottery,

For the benefit of the Oxford Academy, will be drawn at Raleigh on Wednesday, the 21st of February next.

J. B. Yates & A. M'Intyre, Man'grs.

SCHEME.

1	Prize of	7,000	is	7,000
1	Prize of	5,000	is	5,000
1	Prize of	2,500	is	2,500
1	Prize of	1,500	is	1,500
1	Prize of	1,320	is	1,320
1	Prize of	1,250	is	1,250
108	Prizes of	40	is	4,320
108	Prizes of	20	is	2,160
108	Prizes of	10	is	1,080
2,754	Prizes of	5	is	13,770

3,084 Prizes, } 7,980 Tickets } $39,900
4,896 Blanks. } at $5 }

Present price of whole Tickets $6; Halves $3; Quarters $1 50.

Packages of seven Tickets, embracing the 21 numbers, can be had at $42. Shares in proportion.

☞ Orders enclosing the Cash or Prizes. (post paid) will receive prompt attention, if addressed to

YATES & McINTYRE,

FAYETTEVILLE or RALEIGH, N. C.

⁂ Tickets in all the Northern Lotteries of respectability can be had at the Northern prices, at either of our offices, for Georgia North or South Carolina Bank Notes, and the prizes of those Lotteries always received in payment for Tickets, or the cash paid for them on demand.

Jan. 17, 1827.

POETRY.

The following beautiful expression of a trite sentiment is from "*The Hunter, and other Poems,*" a small volume, by M. P. Flint, of Arkansas.

"How swift the joyous hours take wing,
When their bright pinions only bring
The rainbow tints of hope and pleasure,
Rosy health and dreams of mirth.
But oh! the creeping snail is fleet,
Compared with time, when his dark feet
In pain steal round the dial measure;
For sickness clogs the swift-winged hours,
And sorrow's tears, like falling showers,
Weigh down their dripping plumes to earth."

From the New York Times.

STANZAS.

Weep not for those
Who sink within the arms of death,
Ere yet the chilling wintry breath
Of sorrow o'er them blows;
But weep for those who here remain,
The mournful heritors of pain,
Condemned to see each bright joy fade,
And mark grief's melancholy shade
Flung o'er hope's fairest rose.

Nay, shed no tear
For those who soundly, sweetly sleep,
Unheeding the cold blasts that sweep
Across their lowly bier.
But weep for those who see the cloud
Of misery, youth's bright heaven enshroud,
And view the flowers that deck life's path,
Scathed by the dreary tempest's wrath,
Fall dry and sere.

Fear not the tomb!
To those who feel that youth survives
The joys that youthful feeling gives,
It wears no face of gloom;
It is a quiet, peaceful home
For those who through life's sad waste roam,
A place for wearied ones to rest,
Where o'er the painful, care-worn breast
Spring flowers may bloom.

I must have Money!

THOSE who owe me will recollect that all balances, due by note or open account, must be promptly paid, or arranged in some satisfactory way, by the 1st of January, as my own engagements require punctuality, and longer indulgence cannot be granted. JOHN M. DOBBIN.

Fayetteville, 5th Dec. 1826.—96-8t

Notice.

THE Subscriber respectfully requests all those indebted to him in any shape, to make immediate payment. The great indulgence heretofore extended, with other circumstances, makes it necessary to have recourse to legal steps, indiscriminately, against those neglecting to comply with this notice.

Mr. A. Campbell is authorized to collect and grant discharges on account of H. CAMPBELL.

September 27, 1826. 86tf.

Horne's Introduction

TO the critical study and knowledge of the Holy Scriptures. One copy of this celebrated work may be had at this Office, at the subscription price, if early application be made.

WILLKINGS & CO.

Offer for sale, at their Auction Store,

50 Hhds. Molasses
10 do. prime Jamaica Sugar
15 do. Porto Rico and Muscovado do.
15 Hhds. N. E. Rum
5 Puncheons Jamaica Rum
30 Bags St. Domingo and Cuba Coffee
10 do Spice
60 Ps. Cotton Bagging
20 Bbls. Northern Gin
30 do Apple Brandy
23 do good brown Sugar
10 do loaf and lump Sugar
10 qr. casks Malaga Wine
20 crates Crockery, assorted
18 cases of Decanters and Tumblers
50 boxes 8×10 Window Glass
20 do 10×12 do do
9 do assorted Cotton Cards.

November 1. 91tf

Returns of Militia Captains.

BLANK Forms of the Annual Return of Captains of the N. Carolina Militia, for sale at this Office, where all the Blanks used by Merchants, Clerks of the Superior and County Courts, Sheriffs, and Constables, are kept constantly on hand, or will be printed on the shortest notice. All descriptions of Job and Book Printing neatly executed. *Oct.* 9.

Notice.

TAKEN up and committed to the Jail of Sampson county, N. C., a Negro Man who calls his name ARCHY, and says he belongs to *James Weeks*, of Sumpter District, S. C. He is about 25 years of age, about 5 feet 5 inches high, and of a yellow complection. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be dealt with according to law in such cases made and provided.

THOMAS K. MORRISSY, Jailor.

Nov. 18, 1826—95-tf

To Journeymen Shoemakers.

THREE *First rate Workmen* will find constant employ and good wages, by applying to H. G. NELSON.

December 13. 97-tf.

Insurance against Fire, &c.

P. J. TILLINGHAST,

AGENT for the TRADERS INSURANCE COMPANY, New York, offers to insure Buildings and Goods therein contained, against hazards of fire. Also, Goods conveyed through inland Navigation Persons desirous to effect such Insurance and requiring particular information, will please make application to said Agent.

Fayetteville, April 25th, 1826.

Insurance against Fire.

HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW-YORK,

INSURES Houses and other buildings, and property contained in them, against loss and damage by fire; also, merchandise and other property against the hazards of inland navigation.

Capital 300,000 Dollars.

Insurance made on application to
C. T. HAIGH,
Agent of the Company, Fayetteville.

Patent Cooking Stove for Sale.

A *COOKING STOVE*, with Copper Boilers and apparatus complete, in the use of which there is great convenience and economy of fuel. Warranted complete. Apply to

MARTIN MAC PHERSON, Sen.

Nov. 7, 1825—40-tf

I WISH to purchase a young *NEGRO FELLOW.*
THOMAS J. CURTIS.

January 1, 1827. 500tf.

The Copartnership

BETWEEN the Subscribers, under the firm of *J. F. & John Lippitt*, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 15th instant.

J. FRANCIS LIPPITT,
JOHN LIPPITT.

September 22, 1826. 86tf.

THE Subscribers will continue the GROCERY BUSINESS, under the firm of *John Lippitt & Co.*

JEREMIAH LIPPITT,
JOHN LIPPITT.

September 22, 1826. 86tf.

Gales's North Carolina ALMANAC, For 1827,

JUST published and for sale, wholesale or retail, By CHAS. STUART.

Price 10 cents each, 75 cents a dozen, 4 dollars for half a groce, 7 dollars a groce, 25 dollars for five hundred, or 40 dollars for a thousand.

October 4. 87tf.

Lafayette Hotel.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE public are respectfully informed, that in consequence of the recent death of Mr. Clement Tracy, the subscriber, who has been employed in the management of the Lafayette Hotel, has assumed the superintendence of it.

This new and spacious building (which has been purposely erected at great expense, for a Hotel) is now in complete order for the reception and accommodation of

TRAVELLERS & BOARDERS.

Besides the advantage of a number of Rooms with *single Beds, Fire places and Bells*, the Hotel contains several *handsome Drawing Rooms and Apartments*, particularly suited for the private accommodation of *TRAVELLING FAMILIES.* Boarders with or without lodging can be accommodated.

THE FURNITURE and BEDDING

are of the best quality and entirely new, and each Bed is supplied with a Moscheto Net. BATHING ROOMS are attached to the House, supplied with water from the Haymount Aqueduct. The BAR is richly supplied with a variety of the *choicest Liquors*, recently selected for it in the Northern Cities, by an experienced judge. LARGE STABLES are conveniently placed in the rear.

The Subscriber is determined to conduct the House in the most genteel manner; and no efforts shall be spared to render it every way worthy of a continuation of the patronage it has received.

WM. TRACY.

October 25. 90tf.

Mansion Hotel,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE Subscriber returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the liberal support he has heretofore received, and, in soliciting a continuance of those favors, assures them that every exertion will be used, and due attention bestowed, in order to the comfort and pleasure of Travellers and Boarders. His Rooms are numerous, being new, clean, and large, are well adapted for comfort and health, opening upon a garden which presents a fine prospect; superadded are the comforts of ease and retirement, which may be enjoyed in spacious Parlours by Traveling Families. This situation, being on one of the most elevated streets, is healthy; attended with the advantage and convenience arising from the important and extensive business transacted on that street, which will make it the interest of Country Merchants and Planters to call. It is constantly supplied by means of aqueducts, with pure water, issuing from one of the best fountains in the State.

His BAR will be constantly supplied with the best and choicest of

LIQUORS.

His TABLE with the best the country and market affords; his Stables shall be attended by faithful steady, and honest Ostlers. Other advantages are attendant upon this Establishment, rarely to be excelled in any other Public House in this State.

DILLON JORDAN.

Fayetteville, Feb. 1826.— 55-tf

☞The above Hotel has been selected by the Proprietors as a regular Stage House, for all the Stages that arrive at and depart from this place. Rooms and Refreshments are therefore, kept always in readiness for Stage Passengers.

The Books for the Norfolk Stage line are kept at this Hotel.

CHEAP GOODS.

THE Subscriber is now receiving from N. York, at his Store, Green Street, a general assortment of Staple and Fancy *GOODS*, of the latest importations, which he offers for sale at extremely reduced prices; among which are, viz.:

CLOTHS & CASSIMERES, extra super, blue black, brown green and olive, fine and common assorted,
Double milled drab Great Coating,
Ditto do Lion Skin ditto
Satinetts, blue, mixed and drab,
Cassinetts and Denmark Satteens,
Bang-up Cord; plain, olive and tabby Velvet,
Vestings, silk, velvet, Merseilles, swansdown and fancy, some very superior,
Flannels, red, white, green and yellow,
Ladies' blue and scarlet Pelisse Cloths,
Baize, green and Bocking,
Bombazetts, plain and figured, black, brown, purple, crimson and orange colour,
Bombazines, French and English,
Ditto 5 4 French super black and drab
Circassians, Nankeens and coloured stripe Drillings,
Muslins, Mull Mull, Book and Jaconet plain & figur'd
Cambrics and Cambric Dimities,
Calicoes assorted, new patterns,
Ditto, Furniture ditto,
Fancy coloured Crape Dresses,
Shawls and fancy Handkerchiefs, assorted,
Silks, plain and figured,
Fashionable shaded, plain & figured Gros de Naples,
——— Cote-palais, plain, striped and figured,
Fancy Hdkfs and Ribbons to suit,
White, green and pink crape Lisse,
Grecian striped Ginghams,
Hoziery; silk, cotton and worsted Hose and half do
Domestic Goods, various kinds,
Russia Ducks and Sheetings,
Blankets and Negro Cloths,
Hats, coarse and fine for men and youths,
A general assortment of Hardware, viz. Anvils, Vices, carriage and bed Wrenches, table and pocket Knives, Iron, Steel, and Nails assorted, Castings, Pots, Ovens (and odd tops to sell) Kettles, &c.

An assortment of SHOES,

Men's, Boys', Ladies', Miss's and Children's Boots and Bootees,
Miss's Leghorn Hats and youth's fancy Caps.

GROCERIES,

Teas, Sugars, old Rum, Cogniac Brandy, Gin and Whiskey, Porter, Cider, Teneriffe and Madeira Wines, old Port in bottles, fresh Lemon Syrup, &c. &c.

H. CAMPBELL.

Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 14, 1826 83tf

BLANKS OF ALL KINDS,
May be procured at this Office, and at the Postoffice.

☞ The Winter Vacation of Mrs. Jones's School, takes place the 15th instant. The School Exercises will commence the 1st day of February next—There will be but one week summer Vacation.

Rock Rest, Chatham Co. Nov. 1.—984t.

A desirable situation in a public office in this town may be heard of by applying at this office, for a young man of good moral character, who is desirous of obtaining an education in exchange for a portion of his services. One from the country would be preferred.

January 3, 1827. 3t

Boots and Shoes.

THE subscriber has just received, in addition to his former stock, *Seventy five Packages* of BOOTS and SHOES, which he offers at wholesale or retail, at reduced prices for cash.

H. G. NELSON.

N. B. Gentlemen's Boots, Shoes and Pumps made to measure, as usual, in the first style, at short notice.

October 25. 90tf.

Cheese, Salmon, &c. &c.

20 Casks prime Goshen Cheese,
1 tierce superior pickled Salmon,
4 half bbls Luff's New York Crackers,
10 bbls loaf and lump Sugar,
6 doz Martinique Cordial,
5 boxes dry Codfish,
10 bags Almonds and Filberts,
100 qr boxes American Segars,
40 „ „ Spanish do.
1 pipe Cogniac Brandy, (pure as imported)
1 do Holland Gin,
Madeira, Port, Teneriffe and Malaga } WINES,
Powder, Shot, Lead, &c. &c.

ALSO, a variety of DRY GOODS—*Cheap enough.*

The above, with many other articles daily expected, will be disposed of unusually low for cash or approved paper. WILLIAMS & FENN.

Fayetteville, 29th Nov. 1826. 95tf

John Lippitt & Co.,

Offer for sale, for *CASH or PRODUCE:*

10 Hhds Muscovado Sugar
55 bbls. do do
90 bags Cuba Coffee
150 kegs cut Nails assorted sizes
30 boxes No. 10 cotton Cards
75 pieces cotton Bagging
25 bbls N. E. Rum
15 do Gin
50 do Apple Brandy
10 do Malaga Wine.

November 8. 92tf.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber informs his customers and the public, that he has just received a *splendid supply* of *DRY GOODS*, which he is prepared to sell by wholesale and retail at very reduced prices for cash only. Merchants from the country will certainly find it to their advantage to call and examine for themselves. His stock consists in part of the following, viz.

EXTRA superlative black and blue Cloths
Super. do do do
Medium and common black, blue, olive, claret, drab and mixed do
Blue, black, drab and scarlet Cassimeres
Blue, black and mixed Sattinets
Fearnots, Plains and Paddings
Tartan cloak Plaids and blue Camlets
Green bocking Baize and green Flannel
Caroline Plaids and ditto ombre Stripes
Super black Bombazines
Rich black, blue, brown, crimson and drab figured Bombazetts
Black, plain and twilled do.
4-4 printed Rattinets
1 -4, 10-4, 9-4, 8-4 and 7 4 Rose Blankets
4 and 3 point do. and Duffel do.
Cashmere Shawls and Points, a variety
White and red Flannels
Scots and domestic Carpeting
Superb Merino square and long Shawls
Cashmere Hdkfs., various colours
Super and low priced black worsted Hose
Men's lambswool Hose and half do
Nett Frocks and woollen Gloves
Extra rich Toilinet, Swansdown and Merseilles vesting
Super and common 6 4 Cambrics
Satin stripe, white and colored do
Extra super 5-4 and 3-4 Cambric Dimity
Do 6 4 plain and figured Jaconets
Super 6-4 book and mull Muslins
Super rich and low priced figured Swiss Muslins
Plain Swiss and tambored book do
Rich Swiss and French wrought Points
Swiss Capes and Tippets
Victory white Robes
Super Sea Island and low priced Shirtings
4 4 & 3-4 brown Shirtings and Sheetings
4 4 Imitation Plaids and 4-4 Apron Checks
Washington and linen Bedticks
Fancy cambric Prints, a great variety
4 4 & 3 4 Furniture Chintz
SILKS.—Black Nankin and colored Crape Robes
Plain black Gros de Naps and Taffetas
Rich black figured Gros de Naps and Levantines
Black Sattins and Sarsenets
Super ombre Gros de Naps, all colors and shades
White, green, mazarine blue, sky blue and straw colored Florences
Rich Simile's, various shades and colors
Black and green French Crape
Black Gauzes, a variety
Black and colored silk Vestings
Black and white silk Hose
Rich printed long shawls and Shades
Silk and Zelia Hdkfs., all colors
White gauze Veils and crape Leice
Gauze Robes, all colors
Silk Umbrellas and Parasols
Black Barcelona and Bandanna Hdkfs.
Rich feather edge, wove and embossed Ribbons, a variety
Taffeta Ribbons, all colors
Watch and Belt do
Black and assorted sewing Silk
Wide and narrow bobinet Lace and Lace Veils
Thread Laces and thread Cambrics
Long Lawns and thread cambric Hdkfs.
4 4 Irish Linens
7-4 & 9-4 table Diaper
10-4 Irish Sheetings
Hessians and brown Toweling
Brown Holland, colored Cambrics and Buckram
White and printed Bed Spreads
Chintz Shawls and Hdkfs.
Black tabby velvet and velvet Ribbons
Black Ostrich Feathers
Leghorn and straw Bonnets
Bandboxes, Wreaths and Flowers
Men's and women's Cloaks
Ladies' Prunel and Morocco Shoes
Do Leather Shoes and Pumps
Long white kid and silk Gloves
White and black horse skin do.
Beaver and colored kid do
Men's fashionable Hats
Nett and Webb Suspenders
Transparent and Windsor Soap
Phosphorus Pocket Lights
Clark's spool and floss Cotton
Imitation tuck and front Combs
Black, and white brown patent Thread
Bonnet Bows, &c. &c.

JOHN McARN.

October 25, 1826. 99tf.

Fayetteville Academy.

THE Committee to whom is confided the care of this Institution, have resolved to let out the buildings to some competent and efficient Teacher, who will take upon himself the entire management of the Academy on his own account.

The buildings are large and commodious, and calculated both for a Male and Female Department.

The Children of the town are numerous:—the local advantages for a flourishing Academy are great, and well calculated to invite pupils from abroad:—and, as there is now no private Grammar School in the place, the present appears to be a favorable time for an individual to embark in the conduct of the Seminary on his own responsibility. It is believed that the profits of the Institution thus managed would reward the undertaker amply for his labor and enterprise.

Any person wishing the situation will apply by letter (post paid) to the Subscriber, without delay.

H. POTTER, *Pres't of the Committee.*

Fayetteville, Dec. 6, 1826—97-tf

☞ The Committee are desirous to give the use of the Buildings to some person or persons who will keep up a temporary School, until the Academy shall be put upon a permanent footing. Application as above.

Trust Sale, Postponed.

THE Sale of Property conveyed by Deed of Trust to Jacob Rhodes and James McQueen, by R. C. Bunting, advertised to have taken place this day, is postponed until Thursday the first day of February next, at which time the Subscribers will proceed to sell, in the town of Lumberton, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, one Negro Boy, about 20 years of age, and a Negro Girl, aged about 18. Stock of Horses, Cattle, and Hogs, together with a great variety of other property. Also, at the same time and place will be sold, by and with the consent of all concerned, a *Tract of Land*, containing 412 acres, on the east side and adjoining the Town of Lumberton, about 25 acres of which is cleared; a great proportion of the balance is capable of being highly improved, and will produce equal to any land in this section of country. The sale of wood and timber alone would be a lasting source of profit.

ALSO, 21 Lots in the Town of Lumberton, one of which contains ten acres, two of one acre each, and eighteen of half an acre each, upon one of which is a comfortable Dwelling House for a small family.

A credit of six months will be given, and the subscribers reserve to themselves the privilege of demanding, if they think proper, Notes negotiable at any of the Banks in Fayetteville, with satisfactory endorsers.

ARCH'D McQUEEN,
RICH'D C. RHODES,
DONALD McQUEEN.

Lumberton, Robeson county, Dec. 20, 1826—tds

N. B. The Lands and Lots, at any time previous to the sale, will be shewn to any person disposed to purchase, by R. C. Bunting, on the premises.

To Rent,

THE *STORE HOUSE* on Green Street, lately occupied by M. & H. McPherson. For terms apply to JNO. HUSKE.

November 29. 95tf.

Glassware.

THE Subscribers have just received 50 packages of *FANCY GLASSWARE*, from the Boston Glass Factory, consisting of Tumblers, Decanters, Ticklers, Cruets, Cans, Plates, &c., which they offer for sale at *Boston prices.*

WILLKINGS & CO

December 13. 97 6

NEW CHEAP STORE.

CLAYLAND & BOWEN.

ROBERT M. CLAYLAND AND STEPHEN R. BOWEN, having connected themselves in the Mercantile Business, under the firm of *Clayland & Bowen*, beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have just returned from Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York, with a beautiful assortment of

Staple and Fancy Goods,
Hardware and Cutlery,
China, Glass, and Queensware,
Fur Hats, &c. &c.

Which has been selected with great care from the latest arrivals, and will be sold low for Cash.

They have taken that well known stand recently occupied by Esek Arnold, Esq. two doors above the Cape Fear Bank, where purchasers will find it their interest to give them a call.

Fayetteville, Oct. 25—90-tf

Macauley's Patent Floor Cloths.

ORDERS for this superior and elegant covering for Floors, will be received by the subscribers, at their Store, two doors above the Cape Fear Bank, where samples of the article may be seen. The durability of this Carpeting, its coolness and comfort, in a warm climate, give it a decided advantage over all others.

Carpets can be furnished to Rooms and Entries, at the shortest notice, warranted well seasoned, the colors hard, bright, and durable

CLAYLAND & BOWEN.

Fayetteville, Oct. 25—90-tf

ENTERTAINMENT,

BY W. CADE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken that large and convenient House on Liberty Point, formerly occupied as a tavern by Mr. David Sheppard, where he is prepared to accommodate Travellers and Boarders, on reasonable terms and with the utmost regard to their comfort. His large and convenient Stables (well known as the Livery Stables) will be supplied with the best Provender, and attended by careful Ostlers He solicits the patronage of the public.

Fayetteville, Nov. 1. 91tf.

Candles.

A CONSTANT supply of *Fayetteville Mould Candles*, by the box, for sale by

J. & S. BIRDSALL.

December 13. 97-6w.

A Practical Farmer,

THAT can manage with neatness and method, eight or ten able Hands, may find a pleasant place and fair wages. Apply to the Editor.

December 20. 98tf.

Storage of Cotton.

COTTON will be received on *STORAGE*, at our Warehouses in Town or Campbelton.

JOHN LIPPITT & CO.

December 5, 1826. 96tf.

C. & P. MALLET

HAVE NOW ON HAND, AND FOR

15 Tons Swedes IRON, assorted, German, Cast, English, & America CASTINGS, consisting of Pots, Ovens, S ders, Tea Kettles, and Wagon Boxes; *Together with their usual supply*

GROCERIES, WINES, and LI DRY GOODS, HARDWARE LERY, which with a large and g sortment of CROCKERY AND WARE, makes their stock unus plete.

☞Country Merchants and others a call and examine. Country Produce at prices will be received in payment.

ON HAND,

12 Hhds Molasses,
1200 gallons Whiskey, and
800 ditto Apple B

Fayetteville, Dec. 5, 1826.

NEW GOODS.

JAMES KYLE

HAS received, by the late arriv York and Philadelphia, a large a of *India, British, French, German, and*

Fancy & Staple Dry

The greater part of which have been auction sales, and therefore at the most ces. Also, a general assortment of

Hardware & Cutlery, Groceries, C and Queensware,

Of all kinds and qualities. *Shoes and* description. The Subscriber consta in New York, enables him to offer, at ry *new, fashionable, and desirable* article

Country Merchants are invited to call this splendid and general assortment which they will certainly find it to the to do, as all will be sold at a very sm usual, for cash only.

Fayetteville, Oct. 25—90-tf

Hides.

95 *DRY HIDES*, just received Francis, for sale by

JOHN LIPP

December 5. 96t

Just Received,

And for sale at the Auction Store of

8 Doz. Seal Skin Boots,
118 pair Shoes,
75 pair Brogans,
6 tons Swedes and Russia I
1 do. English Blistered St
15 bbls. Rye Whiskey,

L. FIT

December 6.—96tf.

Lost,

ON the morning of the 17th inst., a rected to "*Charles Hatcher's Lo change Office, Fayetteville, (N. C.) P. Allen*," containing one hundred an Dollars, in *very ragged* North Caroli eight Virginia State Lottery Tickets, Any information will be thankfully re finder of the Package liberally reward ed to CHARLES HA

Nov 29. *Norfolk*

Virginia Lottery

THE DISMAL SWAMP CANAL will draw on Wednesday, the 7th next. The prizes in this Lottery amo

136,880 Dollars

Divided into handsome por $20,000, $10,000, $4,000, $2 &c., and not two blanks to a prize. portunity for the spirit of adventure not jump into a snug competence fo adieu to care, when he may do it by ticket at

HATCHERS OFF

Fayette

for only five dollars? There also pa may be had.

Halves $2 50, *Quarters* $1 25

Apply soon, for tickets are moving of

January 10.

Drawing on the 21st Febru

Only 7980 Tickets.

North Carolina Lo

For the Benefit of the Oxford Academy at Raleigh, on Wednesday, the 21st next.

SCHEME.

1 Prize of $7,000	1 Prize
1 Prize of 5,000	108 Prize
1 Prize of 2,500	108 Prize
1 Prize of 1,500	108 Prize
1 Prize of 1,320	2,754 Prize

Prizes amounting to $39,900.

Whole Tickets $6, *Halves* $3, *Qua*

Apply to

HATCH

Orders from any part of the country, cash, or prizes in any of the Lotteries re (post paid,) addressed to C. Hatcher, will meet with the same prompt atte personal application.

January 10.

Tan Yard.

THE Subscriber respectfully info that he purchased (twelve mo *TAN YARD* formerly conducted by He has made many improvements, an the management of the most experie from the North. He is now ready to for all kinds of *LEATHER*, and has dispose of on the most reasonable ter

300 Sides Sole Leather at the 25
of
200 do Black Harness do. 30
200 do Russet do do. 30
200 do Skirting do do. 30
500 do Wax and Grained Uppe Kip, Calf, Sheep and Deer

ALSO,

Wool and Hair for *Plastering.* Cash paid for Dry and Green *Hides.*

H. G. N

Fayetteville, December 13.

To Rent.

The Subscriber will Rent erate terms, the two Stores di site the Cape Fear Bank.—Pos be given in *January and Febru* the lease of Mr. Hall, the present occupa pires.

☞Employment is offered to a person stands the Blowing and Quarrying of Roc place. HU: CAM

December 20, 1826.

BLANKS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
Neatly printed and for sale at this

...PUBLISHED, EVERY W
EDWARD J. HAL
annum, if paid in
ing the year of s
the end of the ye

...MENTS inserted for
first, and 30 cents for
Advertisers are req
insertions desired, o
rbid, and charged acc
Editor must be post

...eived and fo
Bags Coffee,
30 bbls. Apple Brandy
By L. FIT

Lost.

...st summer, supposed
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ree ANVILS, marked
delivered to any merc
please to make it know
DUNCAN TH
1827.—2tf.

Notice.

...indebted to me in
bounds of the Fayettev
ed to make immediat
Fadyen, who is authoriz
grant discharges.
R. H. M
Jan. 16, 1827.

...30 Reward.

...from the Subscriber,
...yetteville, North Caroli
1825, a negro man by
...bout 35 years, stout bu
not very black, has a
...ng face and speaks slo
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by Messrs. Miller & Th
Archibald Black, (
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...he last account I had of
from this place to Sale
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reward to any person
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Fayetteville, and all re
DAVI
2tf.

...ON THE 21st FEBRUA
...ly 7980 Tickets.

...Carolina Lot

...of the Oxford Acade
...igh on Wednesday, the

...& A. M'Intyre,

SCHEME.

...of	7,000	is
...of	5,000	is
...of	2,500	is
...of	1,500	is
...of	1,320	is
...of	1,250	is
...es of	40	is
...es of	20	is
...es of	10	is
...es of	5	is

} 7,980 Tickets } at $5

...of whole Tickets $6;
Quarters $1 50.
...seven Tickets, embrac
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...in payment for Tickets
...on demand.

...Barber Sho

...ur part, there *all the hon*
...ENDERSON respectfully
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...has taken the shop on Gil
...ied by D. Ochiltree, Esq
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...on in all its various br
...that from the circumstan
...and raised in Fayettevill
...try and sobriety, to meri
...of patronage. His Razo
...the first quality and sh
...t order.
...January 10. 1827.

Found,

...of MONEY, which the
...escribing it, and paying

Notice.

...iber having sold out his s
...G. Deming and H. Mc
...o. A. Matthews his agent
...his absence, who is fully
...ect all debts due him, a
...persons indebted must c
...d pay the same, or their
...officer for collection.
A.

Notice.

...ibers having purchased
...entire stock in trade, ha
...der the Firm of *Deming*
...rmerly occupied by him
GURDON
HENRY M

...UST RECEIVED,
...Bbls Ale,
10 boxes Raisins,
10 Bbls bottled Porter,
Cog. Brandy,
H. Gin,
J. Rum, &c. &c.
...1827.